

E HART KL—at No. 24 Spring Street, opposite
Hess House. nov138

THE SUPERIOR FAMILY SOAP.
We now manufacturing largely our extra quality,
to which we invite the attention of dealers
Universal & Kings.
10 Spring

CLOSE OF THE LEGISLATURE.—Both branches of the Legislature adjourned yesterday noon to the second Wednesday in September. Most of the appropriation bills passed. A bill to appropriate \$3,000 to Gen. Wm. R. Smith for compiling the Documentary History of the State, after ineffectual efforts to reduce the amount named, was indefinitely postponed in the Senate. The Senate till to annex Washington and Ozaukee Counties to the First Congressional District, for the benefit of Fred Horn, was postponed to the September session. It would put most of the German population and most of the Lake Shore interests of the State in one District. We regret to find some Republicans favoring such a movement.

FOX AND WISCONSIN RIVER IMPROVEMENT.—Messrs. Stark, Davis & Walker were appointed a Committee to investigate the condition and acts of the Improvement and make a very candid and able report showing up the company in a most unfavorable light. A bill was passed to appoint a Committee of Investigation into the Company's affairs, and the Senate undertook, at the instance of some of the Company's agents, to name the House Committee. In the Assembly an effort was made to appoint a new Committee, with Farr as Chairman. But this game was blocked. Judge Potter making a very pointed and able speech on the subject, and a Resolution was passed, with 8 dissenting votes, to appoint Messrs. Stark, Davis and Walker a Committee of Investigation independent of the Senate. There will be some developments that will make people stare.

EX-TREASURER JANSSEN.—It was rumored that he had left for Germany. But he was found at home, in Washington County, by the officer, and brought to Madison, at the instance of one of his bail, Mr. Philo Dunning, on a charge of embezzlement. It is believed by some that his bail will make the deficit good, and, by others, that the State will lose it. We shall be happy to chronicle the payment of the missing \$35,000, but should not be willing to have our happiness contingent on such an event.

SNOW.—Our friends at the East will be surprised to learn that there is now no snow in Milwaukee or in this part of Wisconsin. Last Tuesday a week ago to-day—the snow in Springfield, Ohio Co., N. Y., was two feet deep on an average, and we passed over drifts, in riding to Port Plain, 8 or 10 feet deep. We saw persons in the cars, directly from Lewis Co., N. Y., who assured us that on the high lands there, the snow was seven feet deep. Four days after leaving Springfield, in passing from Milwaukee to Madison—a hundred miles west—the ground was as bare as in summer, and the prairie marshes were on fire. And yesterday, in returning from Madison, we saw large tracts of prairie burnt, and the fire still burning briskly.

The weather, though pleasant, is cold, and will continue to be, as long as there is so great a body of snow to the east and north-east of us. We look for a warm summer.

THE COX DIVORCE CASE.—Mr. Gerard, in opening for the defense in this case, stated that he was an Episcopalian himself, and did not take up the lady's cause until he found that every charge against her was a damning lie. He lashed Dr. Cox severely; charging him with marrying solely for mercenary motives; with having struck his wife because she did not want women to come after him and usurp her place; with having committed perjury, &c. The jury brought in a verdict for the lady.

NO MORE MONASTRIES.—A petition signed by six thousand citizens of Philadelphia, has been presented to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, praying for the passage of a law to prohibit the establishment of no more Monasteries within the limit of that State.

APPOINTMENTS BY GOV. BASFORD.—Gov. Basford has appointed Hon. Amasa Cobb, of Mineral Point, Adjutant General of the State, and Horace Rublee, of the Madison Journal, State Librarian.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.—The following is a comparative statement of the earnings of the road for the week ending March 21, 1885 and 1886.

	1885.	1886.
Passengers.....	\$23,387 25	\$19,588 38
Freight.....	19,483 69	19,356 85
Total.....	\$42,870 94	\$38,945 23

Col. Lane, Senator elect from Kansas, arrived at St. Louis, en route for Washington, on the 29th ult.

FROM KANSAS.—The District Court of Kansas meets at Leecompton on the first Monday in April, when the case of the members of the Kansas Legislature, Governor and other State officers, will be presented for the consideration of the Grand Jury.

APPOXY.—Com. Keever was ill of apoplexy, at Grosport Navy Yard, on the 31st ult., and there were no hopes of his recovery.

STOCKS.—Stocks sold in New York yesterday, as follows:
Erie firmer, but other kinds unchanged;—Missouri 84; Hudson 34; Galena and C. 113; Erie R. R. 57; M. S. & N. J. 95; Reading 92; Wis. Lake Shore R. R. 72; C. & T. 79; Mil. & M. 86; C. & R. I. 94.

Mr. James Robb, of New Orleans, has given \$4,000 towards erecting a monument to Henry Clay, in that city.

The ballist fishery in Massachusetts has been very successful this season, many of the vessels clearing \$1,000 a trip.

The population of Pittsburgh, and seven or eight boroughs which surround it, is set down at the present time at 122,300, being an increase of 55 per cent. in less than six months.

The largest iron safe ever made was in the Park Bank, New York, on Monday night ten tons, and cost \$9,500.

Meeting of the Bar.
A meeting of the members of the Bar of the City of Milwaukee, convened at the rooms of the United States Court, in the city of Milwaukee, on the 31st of March, 1886, pursuant to notice, and was called to order by the Hon. Levi Hubbell, Judge of the Circuit Court, on whose motion Jonathan E. Arnold, Esq., President of the Bar, was called to the chair, and H. L. Palmer was appointed Secretary.

The President announced the decease of our esteemed Brother, Benjamin Newhall, Esq., and stated that taking such action in relation thereto, as might be deemed appropriate. On motion of N. J. Emmens, Esq., a committee of three was appointed by the President, consisting of Judge Levi Hubbell, N. J. Emmens and James S. Brown, to prepare and report resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting.

During the absence of the Committee the meeting was appropriately addressed by E. L. Buttrick and A. C. May, Esqrs.

Judge Hubbell, from the committee appointed for that purpose, reported the following resolutions, for the consideration of the meeting, viz:

Resolved, That the sudden decease of our fellow member, Benjamin Newhall, Esq., cut down in the flush of youth and hope, and in the midst of usefulness and duty, fills us with painful regret, while it affords us a solemn lesson of our common mortality.

Resolved, That although numbered among the junior members of our Bar, Mr. Newhall had already won, by his courteous demeanor and manly and elevated principles, the good will and respect of us all; and by his industry, energy and marked ability, had given sure promise of a successful and distinguished career in his profession.

Resolved, That as a tribute of respect to the deceased, the members of the Bar will take charge of his funeral ceremonies, and were the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the daily newspapers of the city, and that a copy be transmitted by the Secretary to the parents of the deceased, in the State of Massachusetts.

Pending the question upon the adoption of the resolution, the meeting was appropriately addressed by J. E. Arnold, Esq., Judge Levi Hubbell, Judge A. D. Smith, Wm. P. Lynde, N. J. Emmens, and John H. Van Dyke, Esqrs., each of whom spoke eloquently of the high character and estimable worth of our deceased Brother and paid a feeling and merited tribute to his memory.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

On motion of Wm. P. Lynde, Esq., it was **Resolved,** that a committee of ten be appointed, whose duty it shall be, in conjunction with the friends of the deceased, to make all suitable arrangements for forwarding his remains to his friends in Massachusetts, and to invite a Clergyman to deliver a funeral discourse, to be attended by all the members of the bar, and that the committee give due notice, through the city papers, of such arrangements as they shall make.

William P. Lynde, J. H. Van Dyke, Wm. P. Lynde, D. B. Ogden, E. L. Buttrick, J. R. Brigham, A. C. May, F. Bloodgood, A. L. Palmer, O. H. Waldo, were appointed such Committee.

The meeting then adjourned.

JONATHAN E. ARNOLD, President.
H. L. PALMER, Secretary.

Frances' Grave.
A white monument, so delicate, so emblematic of purity, so encircled with roses, olive and myosotis. Let us read the inscription:—
"Frances and her babe." In the centre, in a niche, is engraved a cross. It was ever thus—hidden in her heart. No shining semblance gemmed her apparel, but her actions all were golden. An unfolded rose is clinging to the parent stem. Why should its tiny leaves expand without the dew of a mother's love?—
"Too much of the glory of the upper world lingered on the baby's brow," so she sleeps on Frances' breast.

The oasis and cypress are fringing the banks of a rivulet, whose little eddies play upon and ripple its surface, as the sunshine of a loving and joyous heart dimpled the sweet face of Frances—and as the water reflects the beautiful objects about her grave, so did her eyes reflect the beauties of a naturally lovely character, enhanced by the added graces of christianity.

A white hand is placing poppies in an urn—"Sleep of the heart." But her heart never slept—its first pulsation was love; so was its last unsteady throb. "Give my love to every one—I love to die on Sunday—father, mother, let me stay in this dear home, with you a week—let those that love me, look upon me. But, oh! mother, next Sunday let me go to church, I would once more enter its portal, and lie awhile—I cannot kneel—before the chancel—then I will stay in the tomb till he comes, my poor widowed—tell him how I love him."

Dry leaves intrude upon the living green, but are quickly swept away by the swaying boughs of the drooping willow. Thus were sad thoughts driven from her soul as her harp-strings vibrated to the music of her penitential psalm.—Snowballs are many—so were her thoughts of Heaven.

The wind sighs and moans in the solemn pine—sorrow and pity are its only responsive notes. But the ever-dwelling lonesome sings sweetly and truthfully of love beyond the grave, while the lyre prolongs the strain, adding increase and endurance.

HEAVY COSTS.—The Madison Journal says: "The judgment of ouster against Barstow gave costs of suit to Gov. Basford. Doubtless, many suppose that this included the entire costs of the proceedings. It is, however, a mere technicality, under the lawyers' fee bill, in the Statutes, and the whole amount of such costs is sixteen dollars and twenty-five cents."

FIRE.—The dwelling of D. E. Howe in the village of Geneva Walworth County, was burned to the ground on Wednesday last. Loss \$800 and no insurance.

FIRST VESSEL OUT.—The Racine Democrat of the 31st ult., says: The schooner Liberty left this port on Monday the 24th inst., bound for Chicago with a load of barrels.

NO RAIN.—The Racine Democrat says: A gentleman who keeps a weather record, informs us that since the 14th of December last no rain has fallen in this region. Only 106 days since rain has fallen.

COMMON SCHOOLS.

Would any one be so preposterous, as to think that one man would hire another to manage a school of children, for him for the term of four months, without examining into the management, to see that they were duly cared for, rightly fed, plenty to drink, and, to see that they were appropriately worked, and not overworked? Would any one suppose that a farmer raising a large number of horses for market, would engage a man to teach the young waywards to follow man's guidance, without ever looking into the yard, to see whether he drove them tail first or head first? No! no one would surmise it, because it is for their pecuniary interest to see that they are managed with the best care and attention. But how different it is with our common schools; with the teachings of those innocents, whom God made in his own image, and breathed into them the breath of life, and of whom the Savior said, "of a truth is the kingdom of Heaven." Yes, how different the teachings of the young, rising generation. Their training is less cared for, than that of a Black Hawk colt, or a Durham calf. Just look into the common schools of this State, and see how they are conducted generally. Let us pass over the small, narrow, poor, unventilated houses, with their appendages called seats; and come directly to the teaching process, and the manner of support by the parents and officers. It is hardly necessary to state, that a candidate for teaching must go the Superintendent, who, (half the time does not know whether an adverb qualifies a noun or not) certifies to his or her capabilities, and the school commences. The scholars arrive with books of all kinds, from Webster's and Cobb's Spelling Book, Kirkland's Grammar, and Daboll's Arithmetic, up to the latest editions of the present day. The teacher goes on with what he calls teaching, for the term of four or five months, learning the tender sprouts that which is worse than nothing, when they should be laying up that which would be of use to them in after years; Why not stop him? Yes, ask why, because no one knows it till it is too late; The Superintendent does not visit it, at all, until it is most out, and when it is known, the district says "never mind, it is almost out, it won't matter much now," or if a good one, no one appreciates his worth, till after he is gone, and he soon gets discouraged, and quits the occupation, and goes to day labor, rather than work for those who do not half appreciate his worth. None of the parents visit his school unless it is the last day. Let me mention the short experience of an intimate acquaintance, who taught three winters in different places. The first winter he was visited by one of the parents, who was surveying narrowly, and was forced to go in to keep from freezing, and stayed just long enough to get warm. The second winter, in a district numbering about seventy scholars, after numerous coaxing invitations, he was highly honored by the presence of the heads of two families, part of one afternoon. The last winter, which is just ended, one of the Board (who had to bring his children) arriving a little early, was necessarily compelled to stay till four o'clock, which was about twenty minutes, and was again there the last day. During these three winters, the Superintendent, whose duty it is to visit each school twice, was not seen inside the school house; Yet that teacher has the name of being a good one, but who knows it for a certainty; for no one who was competent to judge, was there in a fit season to make a just remark. Would he think according to common remark, that people are growing weaker and wiser, or would he not think that they were growing more lazy instead of weaker, and more degenerate, instead of wiser? What is to be done? If the School fund of this State is a benefit to the young as it now is, what would it be if parents and the proper officers showed to their children and instructors, that they felt an interest in their welfare, by visiting them in school? Will some one make the calculation.

P. W.

Points decided by the Court of Appeals.
We publish, on our first page to-day, the opinion of Judge Comstock, that the "Prohibitory Act transcends the Constitutional limits of the Legislative Power," and is therefore void. Messrs. Devio, A. S. Johnson, Selden and Hubbard, concur in this decision.

We publish also, the opinion of Judge T. A. Johnson, affirming the Constitutionality of the Law. Messrs. Wright and Mitchell take the same side.

There are two are the only opinions, on either side, yet ready for publication. We stated substantially yesterday, the points decided by the Court. The *Atlas* embodies them more elaborately, thus:

"In determining these cases, the Court of Appeals laid down and affirmed the following propositions:
"1. That the Prohibitory Act, in its operation upon property in intoxicating liquors existing in hands of any citizen of this State, who at the time took effect, is a violation of the provision in the Constitution of this State, which declares that no person shall be 'deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law.' The Court is of the opinion that the various provisions, prohibitions, and penalties contained in the Act, substantially destroy the property in such liquors, in violation of the terms and spirit of the constitutional provision."
"2. That inasmuch as the Act does not discriminate between such liquors existing when it took effect as a law, and such as might be acquired by importation or manufacture, and does not contain any warrant any defense based upon the distinction referred to, it cannot be sustained in respect to any such liquor, whether existing at the time the Act took effect, or acquired subsequently; although the Judges were of opinion that it would be competent for the Legislature to pass such an act as the one under consideration (except as soon as the Act took effect, it is a violation of the provision in the Constitution of this State, which declares that no person shall be 'deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law.' The Court is of the opinion that the various provisions, prohibitions, and penalties contained in the Act, substantially destroy the property in such liquors, in violation of the terms and spirit of the constitutional provision."

Row at Mukwonago.—The Sentinel of this morning says:

We learn that on Saturday night last, about 30 women stalked the saloon of Wm. White, at Mukwonago, breaking in the windows, doors, &c., spilling two or three barrels of whiskey, breaking decanters, &c., and injuring Mr. White, who was at the time in the saloon. The women were armed with stones, and the husband of one of the women had been lying about the saloon drunk, for several days. They turned the cart tables out doors, or out them in place.

CONGRESSIONAL.

In the Senate on the 31st ult. Mr. Iverson said that at a meeting of the Naval Board one of them submitted a resolution providing that the sessions of the Board should be opened, thus showing that the Board was in some respects worse than the Spanish Inquisition.

Mr. Slidell opposed the pending resolution and defended the action of the Board.

Mr. Butler objected to the legal character of the Board and said he believed they had not conformed with the law under which they were organized.

Mr. Clayton denied that any injustice had been done to officers by removing or discharging them without notice as they held their offices during the pleasure of the Executive.

Mr. Crittenden said the law contemplated rules and regulations by which officers of the Navy should obtain that Justice which was not accorded them.

In the House the general appropriation bills were made the special order on and after April 12th excepting Mondays and Saturdays. Mr. Campbell of the committee on ways and means, to which had been referred a bill for the suppression of Indian hostilities in Oregon and Washington Territories, reported a substitute appropriating \$300,000 to be expended under the direction of the President for restoring and maintaining the peaceable disposition of the Indian tribes on the Pacific coast. Mr. Campbell said the original bill contemplated rather warlike movements, but the committee thought it would be better to report a measure looking to peace on the frontier, and recommended it to the Secretary of War.

Mr. Allison while not disposed to throw any impediment in the way of the passage of the bill, thought the charge by Gen. Wool against Gen. Curry ought to be investigated. The charge was, that Gen. C. by calling out men purchasing horses, &c. was involving the Treasury from 2 to \$400,000.

Mr. Campbell, of Pa., was in favor of voting the money forthwith, and holding the administration to account hereafter.

Mr. Ready said it was sufficient for him to know that hostilities existed to justify an appropriation for their suppression.

Mr. Lane of Oregon proceeded to show that the war commenced against the Indians, was not instigated by white settlers whom he eulogized as peaceable and gallant; the day has passed when Gen. Wool can chastise the Indians in that territory.

Mr. Addison of Washington territory insisted upon an appropriation, that it was not to fit out military expeditions or pay one dollar for expenses of war, but to preserve peace by supporting friendly Indians on the reserves and preventing them from joining hostile tribes.

Mr. Zollicoffer in referring to the conflicting statements about the affairs of Washington and Oregon Territory said he thought an investigation was necessary before voting the money.

The Cattle Business.

From some statistics that have been compiled for the purpose of showing the value to railways of the freight in cattle taken to New York, we learn that during the last year, the State of Ohio sent to that market about 40,000 head; Illinois over 22,000; Kentucky 10,500, and Indiana 9,000. The New York & Erie Railroad carried forward 56,780 cattle and 225,878 hogs, and the Hudson River 58,502 cattle.

The freight received by the New York railroad for the transportation of live stock amounted to one million.

There were consumed, as beef, in that city, 185,574 cattle in one year, and in Philadelphia and Baltimore about 100,000—one-half of which, it is estimated, came from Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin and Michigan, which States also sent to Eastern markets at least 600,000 live hogs—the freight on all of which amounted to \$300,000. It is believed the business for the ensuing year will be much larger.

ATTEMPT TO ROB ALDERMAN SEXTON.

The Chicago Tribune of the 31st ult., says:—An outrageous attempt was made on Saturday night to rob if not murder Ald. Sexton in his own door yard. Mr. Sexton went home on Saturday night about 12 o'clock, and drove his horse into the back yard for the purpose of putting him in the stable. Just as he jumped out of the buggy he was assailed by two men, who it is supposed had been concealed in a small shed in the yard. One of the men knocked him down and the other attempted to get his watch. Mr. Sexton, however, arose and grappled with his antagonists, and in the melee one of the ruffians drew a pistol and placed it against Mr. Sexton's breast, but he managed to force the muzzle of the weapon downward, so that the ball only inflicted a flesh wound in Mr. Sexton's leg. He then called for help and the ruffians fled.

INCENDIARISM.—The house of Thos. Walsh five miles east of Shullsburg was destroyed by fire on Sunday evening the 23d inst. In regard to the fire the Shullsburg Herald says:—Amos Brown, who had been a rival of Walsh in his hyemical pretensions, got up in the night Sunday evening, and getting some matches left the place where he boarded and was gone for some time; he was arrested and examined upon a charge of arson, before Squire Hollister of this place, and mostly upon circumstantial evidence, held to bail in the sum of \$500 for his appearance at the Circuit Court.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—The Chicago Tribune of the 31st ult., says: On Saturday morning the dead body of a man was found on the Michigan Southern Railroad track, about a mile south of the city limits. There was found near it also a man badly injured and in an insensible condition. Both men appeared as though they had fallen from the train and been dragged for some distance.

OUR STEAMER.—The Oshkosh Courier of the 29th ult., says:

The Steamboats belonging to Fitzgerald & Co's Line, are being repaired and overhauled, so as to be in readiness for the season's business, which is expected to start with a rush as soon as navigation opens. The new boat recently launched, will be finished off as soon as men and money can accomplish it, and when completed will be the best boat ever constructed on these waters. She is intended for the Ford du Lac and Berlin routes. Her capacity will be about the same as that of the *Peypens*.

From Lake Superior.

We glean the following items from the *Superior Chronicle* of March 11:

ARRIVAL FROM IOWA.—Dr. C. C. Green and family, formerly of Bloomfield, Davis County, Iowa, arrived at Superior on the 3d inst. The journey occupied about five weeks, the distance being between seven hundred and one thousand miles. Many hardships were necessarily encountered by the party; though they arrived in good health and spirits. The doctor brought with him four teams, each having two thousand pounds; also, six head of cattle. He states that we shall, the coming summer, receive a large addition to our population from Iowa; and principally men of capital and enterprise. A brisk trade has been carried on, during the winter between Northern Iowa and Minnesota; and the roads are continually thronged with wagons, passing to and fro. The agricultural products of Iowa find a ready market, and at good prices in Minnesota.

FIRE.—The house of Mr. Thomas Hays, in Superior city, was destroyed by fire on the 1st instant. At the time both himself and wife were absent, and two small children were in the house. The fire is supposed to have originated accidentally, and was discovered by persons working on Felix's new dock. Before it could be reached the building and contents were enveloped in flames, the children barely escaping. Mr. H. lost his all by this misfortune.

RIOTS.—During the past few weeks our town has been the theatre of disgraceful fights between several parties of Irishmen—"Far down" and "Corkalans." On Monday night, a man named Patrick O'Brien was unmercifully beaten, by some five or six of his countrymen, at a house kept by one widow Phelan. In the affray, he stabbed one of his assailants, but not seriously. The assailant was frequently and liberally used, and O'Brien's head horribly disfigured, bore unmistakable evidence of its effective work.

NORTH SHORE SURVEYS.—The Secretary of the Interior having approved of a recommendation for the survey of the Chippewa cession, lying in Minnesota, on the north shore of Lake Superior, we learn that the Commissioner of the General Land Office will issue instructions for the survey of the same, so that the work can be commenced by the 1st of May next, or as early as practicable.

THE LAKE.—The recent March winds have broken up much of the ice on the lake, and the clear blue waters of the "Father of Lakes" are again visible. The ice in the bay has been much reduced in thickness by the mild weather of last month, but during the past week we were visited with another cold spell, which caused it to make again very rapidly.

NEW HOUSES.—There are about twenty houses in course of erection, at this time on the town plot. Others are to be commenced before the opening of navigation, and most of those now under way will be completed ere that time. The only impediment to building during the winter, has been the scarcity of timber.

ADVICES FROM THE SANDWICH ISLANDS are to the 9th of February. The lava stream from the great volcano was slowly but surely winding towards Hilo, which, it was feared, must eventually be overwhelmed. The ship Ocean Telegraph had arrived at Honolulu, and had taken on board 250 barrels of oil from the whaleship Nimrod. Political affairs are quiet. The local news from the Island is unimportant. Yankee Sullivan had written a letter defending his character and conduct from the attacks of what he terms "newspaper hacks."

—Hon. David Wilcox, Chairman of the Pennsylvania Republican State Committee, has called a Republican State Convention, to meet at Philadelphia on Monday, the 12th of June, for the purpose of choosing delegates to the National Convention, and making State nominations.

—On the 17th of February last, three horsemen ascended the narrow winding staircase of the bell-tower of San Marco, in Venice, and, after reaching the summit, returned to terra firma in safety. The feat attracted a large crowd of spectators.

A HEAVY PURCHASE.—The Menasha Advocate says:

We understand that our fellow citizen, Wm. Fues, has purchased the whole of Hon. M. M. Jackson's interest in Menasha, consisting of 25 lots, located in different parts of the town. The price paid is \$5,000. Mr. Jackson, four years ago, paid \$400 for the same property.

MORE DISCOVERIES OF COAL IN KANSAS.—There has been discovered within the limits of our city an immense coal field, which came to light in a rather singular manner. The present thaw caused the dirt to slip from the hill side, and it laid a vein of coal open to the light of air, two feet thick, by thirty yards in length. Several of our citizens are already preparing to mine and deposit coal on the bank, ready for the steamboats, which we look for shortly.—*Kansas Pioneer*, 5th.

Mayor Conrad of Philadelphia, declines a re-nomination. He says he accepted office because he owed that concession to a great principle, and thanks the citizens for their appreciation and support of his enterprises.

An exchange paper, announcing the death of a gentleman on west, says that "the deceased, though a bank director, it is generally believed, died a christian and universally respected."

NEW GOODS!!!

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF Spring Style Goods, JUST RECEIVED.

S. ADLER & NEWBOER,
Milwaukee, March 28, 1886. mar28

DANCING!

MR. DEUGER,
Teacher of Dancing, from Albany, begs leave to inform his friends and patrons, that he is making his annual visit to Milwaukee, and will open his class in **TREAT'S HALL,**
On Saturday Afternoon, April 10th, at 3 o'clock. Parents or Guardians who intend sending pupils, will please have them there on the eve after-noon, or on the morning of the 10th, as they wish to join.

AN EVENING CLASS,
Will be called on Mr. D. at the Hall.
Terms—\$1.00 per week. For twenty lessons, \$20.00. In advance.
PAYABLE LESSONS will be given if required. mar9

Paints and Oil Paintings for Sale.
A new and sweetened Flax, and several other fine A and valuable Oil Paintings from the Royal Gallery at Berlin, Prussia. These Paintings are offered for sale cheap, as the owner is about leaving for Germany.
C. OTT
Apply at J. J. Hoeger's Book-store, Market Square, mar10

NEW FRUIT!

A. B. BLANCHARD, NO. 101 EAST WATER STREET,
Has Just Received
100 BOXES FRESH LEMONS!!!
Direct from New Orleans. mar26

RAISINS.

LAYERS, BUNCH AND SULTANA.
A FINE lot just received from Boston, at 35 Spring Street, by
(mar26) ALBERT WOOD.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WISCONSIN STATE KANSAS EMIGRANT AID ASSOCIATION.

The Secretary's Office of the Society is now open at 200 East Water Street, second door below City Land Office. Volunteers and persons intending to emigrate can obtain information at this office.
All letters from different parts of the State will be promptly answered. C. T. HUTCHINGS, Secretary.

BRIDGE BROTHERS!

EXCHANGE AND BANKING OFFICE!!!
228 E. Water St., 4 doors south of Walker House
MILWAUKEE, - WISCONSIN.

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, specie, and uncurrent money. Interest paid on special deposits.
Purchases and sales of Real Estate negotiated Loans effected on Bond and Mortgage investments made.
Land Warrants bought, sold, and located.
S. I. BRIDGE, M. H. BRIDGE

Refer, by Permission, to
ALEX. MITCHELL, Esq., Pres't Wis. M. & F. Ins. Co.
Bank, Milwaukee, Wis.
Geo. Barry & Co., Chicago, Ill.
THOMAS McLEATH, Esq., Pres't Nassau Bank, N. Y.
STRAUCH & SCOTT, 51 Wm. St., N. Y.
J. S. & W. P. LESTER, 32 Park Row, N. Y.
Milwaukee, October 1, 1885. oct1

UNION BANK (OF TOWNSEND)

PINKEL & CO., No. 205 East Water St., Milwaukee, Wis. Will sell Exchange on all the principal cities in the United States. Also, draw Direct, in sums to suit, on all the principal cities in Europe.
Money loaned to our customers in ANY SUMS. Always prepared to purchase Drafts, Notes, Bills, Bank Certificates, City, County and other Corporation Orders. Special attention given to Collections and proceeds mailed at once.

NOTICE!

METALLIC BURIAL CASES.
I SHALL HEREAFTER keep constantly a supply of the **Metallite Burial Cases.** A new and beautiful style of imitation of Rosewood; also, wood coffins of all kinds. Spring street, opposite the American House, office of the Forest Home Cemetery.
All orders promptly attended to. J. CROUCH, oct1

BROWN'S DAGUERREAN GALLERY,

—MARTIN'S BLOCK—
301 East Water Street
Milwaukee.
Established in 1847.

FIRST-CLASS PICTURES TAKEN. Gold Leaf for sale, operators furnished with stock of all kinds.

A. RICHTER, DENTIST.

3

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAT ARRIVAL
—OF—
AND PORTES, MELODEONS
AND MUSICAL GOODS!

NO. 175 EAST WATER STREET.
THE SUBSCRIBER IS NOW RECEIVING AN EX-
tra stock of superb Flanos, and other Musical In-
struments, selected by himself from the best manufac-
turers in the United States, and warranted equal to any
in the world.

He would particularly invite the attention of the Mu-
sical public to an **Entire New Style of Piano**
which he has recently imported from the celebrated John Chick-
ering, and called the **Pavlov Piano**, or **Coelling Piano**. This
is by far the most perfect instrument of the Pia-
no kind ever yet combining as it does all the pecu-
liarities of the full Grand Piano without the disad-
vantages in regard to size. Also, several of Burdett's and Tripp's
Improved Gentle Pianos, with their new and in-
valuable **Self-acting** system, without the disad-
vantage, universally admired and respected. Repeating
Pianos of recent profession. Twelve Gold Medals and Premiums
have been awarded to these instruments within a few
years past, and the demand for them from all parts
of the world is entirely unprecedented.

Every instrument sold by the subscriber has been
made expressly for him, or has been carefully se-
lected from large stocks. He is therefore enabled to
present his Piano Fortes in every particular, as his
seller by none.

He is therefore the only agent in this city for
the following Piano makers:

CLICKERING & SOXS, Boston.
BOARDMAN & GRAY, Albany.

FIRTH, FOND & Co, New York.
 Prices the same as if purchased directly from the manufacturers. The instruments referred to in the advertisement do not prove satisfactory.
 The lovers of Music are invited to examine this great stock of Musical Instruments.
 H. N. HEMPESTED,
 1874

CITY CASH CLOTHING
 —AND—
WARRANTED TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT!

MAGIE & SWAIN!
 RE NOW RECEIVING THEIR FALL AND WINTER stock, to which they wish to call the attention of citizens. As the one of the best just returned from Europe, we are prepared to offer goods of our own importation, which have been selected with special reference to the wants of our customers. Our stock consists of everything that can be found in a first class Tailoring Establishment, and for elegance, richness and variety, can be surpassed in any market.

Cloths, Cassimeres and Besoules.
 are fully stocked, having a large assortment of the latest imported manufacturers in Europe, such as Bial & Reil, Bonfanti, Wolfine & John, &c., all of which were ordered both for season and for the future.

LANCY CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS.
 We have a large assortment of the most elegant and beautiful, and at a low price, of Vestings, Silk, Flannel, Cassimeres, Mohair and Silk, and cannot be surpassed.

FURNISHING GOODS.
We would say we have a large stock, and of better quality than here before being offered in this town.
Suits, overcoats, trousers, hats, shoes, and everything else; also, a large quantity of gloves, from Alexander's kid to the heavy driving turkerkin. Also, a large stock of "Brass" Gunthers, for winter wear.

HATS AND GLOVES.
Gloves, of all kinds, from the "Do-Nothing" to the "Paris" and a great variety of other styles, that will be sure to appreciate. In

HOSIERY AND SENDERS,
We have a large bin, and of superior quality. Also, trousers, shirts and blankets.

Ready-Made Clothing,
We can show you a representation of the latest and most desirable styles. Also, **Ways of Clothing.**

SALE.
We wish to draw attention to the fact that we have made a great mistake in French also in New York, and that by leaving their measure in New York we can furnish them with that desirable article,

our customers the advantage of the latest and most
 improved styles, and we would here state that the Pa-
 tent style of Dress this fall is decidedly most and best
 shall give particular attention to all orders left with
 in this department, and invite all to call and look things
 over.
 sep28

New Store,
NEW FIRM,
 AND
NEW GOODS.
Jones, Dinnin & Jones
 (LATE FIRM OF ROGERS & DINNIN.)
HAVE REMOVED TO THE BEAUTIFUL
MARBLE STORE!
 NEXT BELOW "NINETEEN,"
119 EAST WATER STREET,
 Where they offer an extensive assortment of
CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS,
AT
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
CUSTOM WORK,
In all its Branches and Styles.

90

BOWLING FOR THE MILLION!
Nations of Pleasure Reduced to Five Pence
During The Day!
"BADGER STATE" SALOON TRIUMPHANT!

toll away, toll away, toll away all,
out up the pine, boys, the price is hot small;
let us off with the coat, now, and roll up the clove,
and it, say jolly lads—beave away, beave.

With the arm's muscles bare, for one hour, sing
believe us to the air, and at five cents a string;
sing away, toll away, hearty and strong,
I'll follow the men, and his life thus prolong

They would sit moping all day in his chair,
When pleasure and pain were rich and no more,
You be had, and that, too, at such a cheap rate,

come, then, "Young Americans," foreigners, too, here's rolling out a bulling—and just for the fun, out for old and for young, and little children—and in the fun at the old "Badger Set."

Entrance both on Main and East Water Streets.

Look for the Red Light.

M PHILLIP LAWRENCE

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY.

CAPITAL - - - - - \$300,000.

TO AND FROM.

London and Lac, Shohoygan, Chicago, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Louisville, Cincinnati, Buffalo, New York, Indianapolis.

Also through Canada.

Expresses at Albany with Thompson & Co.'s Express the Eastern and New England States.

Freights will leave Milwaukee daily (Sundays excepted) out for New York and for the West. Also here and found on Lac every day. Each Express is carried on safe trucks, provided with iron chains, to for the safety of valuable packages entrusted to care.

All packages, to ensure their being forwarded on the shortest and the most prompt route, are delivered to the express companies, by R. O. Lockwood, Jr., P. P. FRECHMAN, Agent.

MEAT MARKET

THOMAS C. COLE

SPRING STREET, MILWAUKEE WIS.

FEARS AND SALT TREATS,
merchandise of Fish Stock of every description.
make. March 1 1896. mrtb'

GUNSMITHING.
WILLIAM HAYWOOD (from
J. Bond's, Crawfordville, Ga.) Manufacturer of
GUNS, PISTOLS, RIFLES, &c. Also,
the Improved Gait Tread Rifle, No. 253
West Water Street, Milwaukee.
Shotguns made to order. oc10

TELE. ELECTRIC MFG. MACH. CO.
of Low, Lead Pipe, SINTERING, Rubber Metal,
Copper, Copper Brass, Iron and Tinued Rivets—for
sale. H. J. HAZRO & CO


ACTA—CLES!!

PENCIL, PERISCOPE GLASSES, is 18 1/2
in France. Parabolic Glass in Silver frames.
in Glasses, in Gold, Steel and Silver frames.
(hard) LOONIS & ROSE.

PHOTO CHROMOLITHS to Embr